CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF KITUI

DEVELOPMENT OFFICE — MAIN ACCOUNT

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2013

### CATHOLIC DIOCES OF KITUI DEVELOPMENT OFFICE — MAIN ACCOUNT REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013

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CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF KITUI
DEVELOPMENT OFFICE – MAIN ACCOUNT
CORPORATE INFORMATION
31 DECEMBER 2013

#### MANAGEMENT BOARD MEMBERS

- Rt. Rev. Anthony Muheria Bishop, Catholic Diocese of Kitui
- Rev. Fr. John Mwandi Financial
   Administrator, Catholic Diocese of Kitui

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- 3. Anthony Mbandi Development Coordinator, Catholic Diocese of Kitui
- 4. Rev.Fr.Joseph Mwongela
- 5. Rev.Fr. Francis Ngungu
- 6. Mr. William Maema
- 7. Nicholas Mulila
- 8. Mr. Joseph Kimuli Ndulu
- 9. Dr. Naomi Mawia Mangatu
- 10. Mr. Francis Kamau
- 11. Dr. Joseph Nzomoi
- 12. Mr. Kiema Mwandia

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS & OPERATION

Development Office Headquarters The Catholic Diocese of Kitui Kitui Municipality P O Box 300 - 90200 Kitui

#### **AUDITORS**

Mulila & Associates Certified Public Accountants P O Box 61924 - 00200 Nairobi

#### BANKERS

National Bank Ltd Kitui Branch P. O. Box 166 - 90200 Kitui — Kenya.

Kenya Commercial Bank Ltd Kipande House Branch P.O. Box 30012 — 00100 Nairobi CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF KITUI
DEVELOPMENT OFFICE — MAIN ACCOUNT
CORPORATE INFORMATION
31 DECEMBER 2013

The Management Board present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

#### 1 LEGAL STATUS

The Development Office is an arm of the Catholic Diocese of Kitui that is mandated with the objective of sourcing for funds for the projects of Diocese in Kitui County. The Diocese of Kitui is registered under Trusteeship Law.

#### 2 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIY

The principal activity of the Development office is sourcing funds, implementing and monitoring the projects of the Diocese of Kitui. The Catholic Diocese of Kitui is the principal organisation under which all projects operate. All correspondence and documentation as well as the bank accounts are in the name of the Diocese which acts as the umbrella and oversight body.

The Development Office is also working directly with the World Food Programme (WFP) and Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations for the purpose of enhancing food security to marginalised communities.

#### 3 OPERATING RESULTS

The results of operation are shown on page 6.

#### 4 BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

The Members of the Board of Management who served during the year are shown on page 2.

#### 5 AUDITORS

The auditors Mulila & Associates, Certified Public Accountants of Kenya, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD	
	(09/ 2014
SECRETARY	

### CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF KITUI DEVELOPMENT OFFICE — MAIN ACCOUNT

#### STATEMENT OF BOARD OF MANAGEMENTS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustees Act requires the Board of Management to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the organization or project as at the end of financial year and of its surplus or deficit. It also requires the Board of Management to ensure that the organization keeps proper accounting records that disclose, with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the organisation or project. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the organisation or project.

The Board of Management accept responsibility for the financial statements for the project period, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Trustees Act. The Board of Management are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the financial affairs of the project and of its surplus or deficit. The Board of Management further accept responsibility for the maintenance of accounting records that may be relied upon in the preparation of financial statements, as well as adequate systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Board of Management to indicate that the Development Office — Main Account will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATOR

DEVELOPMENT COORDINATOR

2014



### REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF MANAGEMENT BOARD OF DEVELOPMENT OFFICE

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Development Office-Main Account of the Catholic Diocese of Kitui set out on pages 6 to 24 which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2013, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in fund balances, and statement of cash flows for the period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

#### THE BOARDS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Management are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Trustees Act and for such internal controls as the board of management determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an independent opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depended on our professional judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we considered the internal control relevant to the project's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that were appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the project's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### OPINION

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of financial affairs of the project as at December 31, 2013 and of its surplus or deficit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### **Report on Other Legal Requirements**

We report to you, based on our audit, that:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- ii. In our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the organization, so far as appears from our examination of those books; and
- iii. The organization's statement of financial position and statement of income and expenditure are in agreement with the books of account.

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is CPA Anthony Mulila P/ No.1897

Mulle hassociates

Certified Public Accountant of Kenya

Nairobi, Kenya

Thursday September 18 ,2014

## CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF KITUI DEVELOPMENT OFFICE - MAIN ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 Kshs	2012 Kshs
Revenue			~ 7(390 49 <sup>9</sup> .80
Grants & Interest	21.	55,014,365	91,501,104
Direct Expenses	21.	4,718,455	21,217,749
Staff Costs	21.	33,253,706	30,952,703
Depreciation	5.	1,305,343	1,206,809
Administrative Expenses	21.	16,332,271	21,531,503
Finance Costs	21.	90,792	357,411
Total Expense		55,700,566	75,266,175
Surplus funds for the year		(686,201)	16,234,929

### DEVELOPMENT OFFICE - MAIN ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2013

0,882
24,439
24,439
72 22 3
3,766
88,205
19,087
đα
7,282
2,679
19,961
4,728
4,398
9,126
9,087
7 1 1 8 9

The financial statements on pages 6 to 25 were authorised for issue by the Board of Management

25/09/14 Atul

Financial Administrator

29/9/4

**Development Coordinator** 

# CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF KITUI DEVELOPMENT OFFICE - MAIN ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Year Ended 31 December 2013	Notes	Accumulated Fund Kshs	Total Kshs
As at 1 January 2013		36,177,282	36,177,282
Prior Year Adjustment	15	(220,000)	(220,000)
Surplus for the Year	21	(686,201)	(686,201)
As at 31 December 2013		35,271,081	35,271,081
Year Ended 31 December 2012			
As at 1 January 2012		18,320,276	18,320,276
Prior Year Adjustment		1,622,077	1,622,077
Surplus for the Year	21	16,234,929	16,234,929
As at 31 December 2012		36,177,282	36,177,282

## CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF KITUI DEVELOPMENT OFFICE - MAIN ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Cash generated from Operations	Note	2013 Kshs	2012 Kshs
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	21	(686,201)	16,234,929
Adjustments for: Prior Year Adjustment Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	5.	(220,000) 1,305,343	1,622,077 1,206,809
Operating surplus before working capital changes		399,141	19,063,815
(Increase) in Trade and Other,Receivables Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and other payables (Decrease)/Increase in Project Funds Decrease in Women Groups Deposits		(3,234,063) (4,911,960) 7,447,879 440,000	435,789 5,659,270 (52,030,366) 56,692
Cash generated from operating activites		140,997	(26,814,799)
Net cash generated from operating activities		140,997	(26,814,799)
Investing Activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment	5.	(1,789,605)	(15,301,841)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,648,608)	(42,116,641)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January 2013		20,213,766	62,330,407
Cash and cash equivalents at 31st December 2013	7	18,565,158	20,213,766

#### 1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

#### a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting as modified by the revaluation of property, and presented in the functional currency, Kenya Shillings (Shs) rounded to the nearest shilling.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies adopted by the organisation. These areas involve a higher degree of judgement and complexity, or where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 2.

#### Adoption of new and revised standards

The organisation has adopted all the new and revised standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the IABS) that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual reporting periods for the year ended 31st December 2013.

The following amendments to standards and interpretations will be mandatory for the accounting periods begining on or after 31 December 2013, but which the organisation has not adopted, and is reviewing their relevance to its operations.

Effective for

	annual periods beginning on or
IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements -	1 January 2013
<ul> <li>IFRS 12,Disclosure of Interests in other Entities</li> </ul>	1 January 2013
IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement	1 January 2013
<ul> <li>IAS 19,Employee benefits (as revised in2011)</li> </ul>	1 January 2013
<ul> <li>IAS 27, Separate Financial Statements</li> </ul>	1 January 2013
<ul> <li>IAS 36, Imparement of Assets</li> </ul>	1 January 2014
IFRS 9, Financial Instruments	1 January 2015

The board anticipates that the adoption of these revisions in the future periods will have no material financial impact on the financial statements of the entity.

#### b) Revenue recognition

The Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is prophable that the economic benefits will flow to the organisation and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognized.

#### i) Sales

Sales are recognised as income on the accrual basis

#### ii) Donations and miscellaneous income

miscellaneous income is nominated for a specific accounting period in which case it is credited to income in that period.

iii) All other income is recognised on a receipt basis.

#### c) Donated services

Donated services are valued at the estimated cost that the organisation would incur to have the services performed and are accounted for when the services are rendered.

#### d) Property, plant and equipment & depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the organisation and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance is charged to the income and expenditure in the year to which it relates.

Increases in the carrying amount arising from revaluation are credited to the revaluation reserve. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against the revaluation reserve. All other decreases are charged to the income and expenditure account. Each year the difference between depreciation based on revalued carrying amount of the asset ( the depreciation charged to the income and expenditure account) and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost transfered from the revaluation reserve to the general fund.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method to write down the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life using the following annual rates:

- 47	Rate - %
Buildings	2.00
Motor vehicles	25.00
Furniture & fittings	12.50
Equipment	12.50
Computers, Cameras & Copiers	33.30

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amount and are taken into account in determining operating profit.

On disposal of revalued assets, amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to the asset are transferred to the general fund.

If any such indications exit and where the carrying values exceed the recoverable amount, property, plant and equipment are written down to their recoverable amounts.

Property, plant and equipment purcharsed on hire purchase agreements and finance lease arrangements are capitalised at the date of agreement. The interest element of each instalment is charged to the income and expenditure account at the time each instalment falls due.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost.

#### e) Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classifed as operating leases.

#### f) Translation of foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are translated into Kenya Shillings using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Transactions during the year are translated at the rates of exchange ruling on the dates of transaction. The resulting gains and losses are dealt with in the income and expenditure account.

#### g) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the products to their present location and condition. Costs is determined using weighted everage method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. Provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories.

#### h) Employee benefits

#### i) Pensions obligations

The Development Office contributes to statutory defined contribution pension scheme, The National Social Security Fund (NSSF). Contributions are determined by local statute and are currently limited to Kshs 200 per employee per month, with the Development Office contributing a similar amount.

The Development Office contribution to the above schemes are charged to the income and expenditure account in the year in which the relate.

#### ii) Terminal benefits

Terminal benefits are payable when employment is terminated before normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Development Office recognizes these benefits when either, it is committed to either terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed plan without possibility of withdrawal or, providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling falling due more than twelve months after the balance sheet date are discounted to present value.

#### i) Employee entitlements

Employees entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated monetary liability for annual leave at the balance sheet date and recognised as an expense accrual.

#### j) Financial instruments

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet date include cash in hand, cash at bank and short term deposits, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and borrowings. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

#### k) Trade and other payables

Trade payables are stated at their nominal values

### DEVELOPMENT OFFICE - MAIN ACCOUNT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

#### m) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognised at the original invoice amounts less allowance for any doubtful amounts. Specific provision is made for all known doubtful debts.

#### n) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash in the bank and short term bank deposits.

For the purposes of the Cash flow statements, the year end cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

#### o) Borrowing Costs

Related costs of borrowing to finance projects are capitalized. These borrowing costs comprise interest and commitment fees.

#### p) Related parties

In the normal course of business the Development Office has entered into transactions with related parties. The related party transactions are at arms length.

#### q) Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will be confirmed only by uncertain future events or where the transfer of economic benefits is uncertain or cannot be reliably measured. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the accounts but are disclosed by way of a note unless the likely hood of a liability arising is assessed as remote.

#### r) Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is more likely than not that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and it can be reliably estimated.

#### 2. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including experience of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### i) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

#### Property, plant and equipment

Critical estimates are required in determining the depreciation rates for property, plant and equipment. The management determines these rates of depreciation based on their assessment of the useful lives of the various items of property, plant and equipment. These rates are set out in policy 1 (d)

- ii) Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies. In the process of applying the organisation's accounting policies, management has made judgements in determining:
  - The classification of financial assets and leases
  - Whether assets are impaired

#### 3. Comparatives

Comparative figures have been included.

#### 4. Employees

The average number of employees during the year was 54, excluding volunteers.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE
 PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE 2013

Land Buildings Vehicles Equipment Fittings Totals	12.5%	Kshs Kshs Kshs Kshs	0 48,800 2,626,531	113,046 484,488	5,588,255 9,316,727 2,839,600 161,846 3,111,019 21,017,446	Sc.400, 444, 25	- 162,493 709,900 6,100 338,466 1,216,959		348,828 1,419,800 26,331 727,344 2,529,302		5,588,255 8,967,899 1,419,800 135,515 2,383,675 18,495,144	37,0 800 0 007 071 0
				Additions - Refund - Kither for	As at 31 December 2013	DEPRECIATION	As at 1 January 2013	Charge for the year	As at 31 December 2013	NET BOOK VALUE	As at 31 December 2013	As at 31 December 2012

A

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE (b) PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE 2012

As at 1 January 2012 Additions As at 31 December 2012	Land 0.0% Kshs 3,844,800 1,743,455 5,588,255	Buildings 2.5% Kshs 8,124,655 8,124,655	Motor Vehicles 25.0% Kshs 2,839,600 2,839,600	Equipment 12.5% Kshs 48,800	Furniture & Fittings 12.5% Kshs 81,200 2,545,331 2,626,531	Totals  Kshs 3,926,000 15,301,841
As at 1 January 2012 Charge for the year As at 31 December 2012	,	162,493	006,607	6,100	10,150 328,316 338,466	10,150
As at 31 December 2012 As at 31 December 2011 As at 31 December 2011	5,588,255	7,962,162	2,129,700	42,700	2,288,065	18,010,882

(A)

	2013	2012
6. TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES	Kshs	Kshs
Goats & Sheep Project	2,469,178	2,469,178
Water Bowzer	198,110	201,860
Justice Peace Trocaire - HRP	1,477,865	1,192,587
Provident Fund	1,572,840	149,222
Imprest	705,082	686,443
Food & Agriculture Organisation - Imprest	147,700	147,700
Finance Office	4,023,751	4,023,751
Thome Bookshop	250,000	250,000
Kitui Polytechnic	12,400	12,400
General Debtors	3,561,857	1,305,609
Provident Fund Recovery	81,318	494,336
Imprest - Emop	1,465,380	1,782,950
Trocaire - HRP	200,085	216,755
Accruals - Interest Receivable Kitui Ginnery	55,000	55,000
Bajaber	337,936	336,649
FRB Account	700,000	700,000
	17,258,501	14,024,439
7. CASH & BANK EQUIVALENT		
National Bank - Community Education	389,353	2,709,428
Kenya Commercial Bank - Kipande House	11,303,618	12,173,798
Fixed Deposits - Kitui Ginneries	2,000,000	2,000,000
D.O.K Livelihood Programme	171,778	24,646
D.O.K Development Planning	18,994	363,945
D.O.K Trocaire HRP	1,575,333	1,811,115
Water Development Account	3,106,082	1,130,833
	35.3	
	18,565,158	20,213,766

			2013	2012
		Note	Kshs	Kshs
8	PROJECT FUNDS			
	Staff House Fund		-	172,268
	Kitui Lenten Fund		-	50,526
	Women Co-operative Fund		890,662	890,662
	Kitui Maps Recovery Project		-	347,514
	Trocaire Justice & Peace	26	1,323,815	1,880,744
	Water Development	23	2,755,518	1,237,402
	Food & Agriculture Organisation	22	(65,999)	(65,999)
	Livelihood Programme	25	330,965	242,093
	Kamba - Endau Conflict		11,196	des -
	Caritas Germany Emergency Project	24	7,289,308	268,225
	Other Project Fund Balances	10	2,325,092	2,389,243
	,		14,860,556	7,412,679
9.	Fixed Deposits - Women Groups			
,	Interest Accrued		440,000.00	
	Mutune		225,798	225,798
	Boma		200,000	200,000
	Muthale		132,517	132,517
	Mwingi		166,611	166,611
	Miambani		200,000	200,000
	Migwani		153,985	153,985
	Zombe		(1,000)	(1,000)
	Nguni		45,469	45,469
	Kanyangi		184,132	184,132
	Ikanga		174,579	174,579
	Kavisuni		102,835	102,835
	Mutito		169,803	169,803
	Kabati		200,000	200,000
	Nguutani		200,000	200,000
	ngoorum		200,000	
			2,594,728	2,154,728

	2012 Kshs	2012 Kshs
10. Other Project Funds		
Non Food Item	112,765	59,493
Jesuit Relief	-	241,732
Green Africa	7 -	27,967
KCS - Mission	247,380	247,380
AIDS Programme	59,497	5,800
Accountability CAFOD	(120,000)	390,500
Faoke	1,602,735	1,744,410
D.O.K Kitui - PRRO	507,235	Češ _
Post Harvest Management		80,146
Emop - Kitui	-	(333,165)
Livelihood Energy Saving	-	4,628
Emergency Supplimentary Feeding	-	4,872
Catholic Women Association	(84,520)	(84,520)
	2,325,092	2,389,243
11. TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES		
Audit Fees - Mulila & Associates	299,319	247,782
Provident Fund Recovery	71,803	-
Sundry Creditors		12,000
General Creditors	1,011,437	6,034,736
Staff Gratuity	209,880	209,880
	1,592,438	6,504,397

#### 12. FUNDS RISK MANAGEMENT

The Development Office manages its funds to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maintaining optimum balance of debt equity. The Development Office's overall strategy remains unchanged.

The fund structure of the Development Office consists of cash and cash equivalents and funds comprising of accumulated revenue reserves and surplus for the year.

#### 13. Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The organisation's activities expose it to variety of financial risk: market risk including (interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The organisation's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

#### Price risk

The organisation is exposed to commodity price risk.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to partners/ clients, including outstanding receivables.

If clients (or consumers of the materials/services), are indepently rated, these rating are used. Otherwise, if there is no independent rating, the management assesses the the credit qualities of these clients, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Individual limits are based on on internal or external information in accordance with limits set set by the management. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored .

None of the financial assets that are fully performing has been negotiated in the last year, however market rates were applied. Exposure to risk has been quantified in each financial asset in the financial statements along with any concentration of risk.

#### Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through adequate amount committed credit facilities and ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Management Office's management maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining under committed credit lines.

#### 14. Currency risk

The Management Office operates wholly within Kenya and its assets and liabilities are reported in the local currency.

#### 15. Prior Year Adjustment

This was adjusting interest from Cotton Ginnery Deposit previously treated as income but attributable to the Women Groups.

		2013 Kshs	2012 Kshs
16.	TELEPHONE, FAXES, E-MAIL & POSTAGE		
	Telephone	525,300	367,622
	Faxes	6,421	4,774
	E-mail	361,530	414,750
	Postage	26,402	29,800
		919,653	816,946
17.	PROFESSIONAL FEES		
	Audit Fees 2011		150,000
	Provision for Audit Fees 2013/12	277,119	247,782
	Accountancy	-	1,131,250
	Consultancy Fees		46,598
		277,119	1,575,630
18.	WORKSHOP EXPENSES		
	Meals & Accommodation	2,106,229	3,057,981
	Evaluation	-//	176,000
	Transport	2,271,756	15,880,346
		4,377,985	19,114,327
19.	PROJECT EXPENSES		
	Loading & Off-loading	340,470	2,090,562
	Seeds Purchase		12,860
		340,470	2,103,422
20.	MOTOR VEHICLE RUNNING EXPENSES		
	Fuel	4,473,455	5,138,367
	Repairs & Maintenance	3,001,172	4,369,342
	Insurance & Licences	490,049	402,029
	Vehicle Hire	727,733	703,078
		8,692,409	10,612,816

#### DEVELOPMENT OFFICE - MAIN ACCOUNT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

REVENUE         Reside Food Programme         33,386,549         69,210, 69,	21. DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		2013	2012
World Food Programme         33,386,549         69,210, Operating Grants         21,445,840         21,776, E181,976         514, S14,976         91,501,1 S14,976         514, S14,977,985         19,114,377,985         174,577,577         30,689,6         30,952,71         30,689,6         30,952,71         30,689,6         30,952,71         11,305,343         1,206,81         30,952,71         1,206,81         4,718,455         1,206,81         4,718,455         1,206,81         4,714,557         30,952,71         30,952,71         1,206,81         4,714,57         30,952,71         1,206,81         4,714,51         4,714,51         4,714,51         4,714,51         4,714,51	REVENUE	Notes	Kshs	Kshs
Depart   Section   Secti				
Interests			0.000 × 0.000 0.000 0.000	69,210,637
181,9/6   514,				21,776,363
Direct Expenses   18.   4,377,985   19,114,3   19.   340,470   2,103,4   19.   340,470   2,103,4   19.   340,470   2,103,4   19.   340,470   2,103,4   19.   340,470   2,103,4   19.   340,470   2,103,4   19.   340,470   2,103,4   19.			181,976	514,104
Workshop Expenses         18.         4,377,985         19,114,3           Projects Expense         19.         340,470         2,103,4           Staff Costs         4,718,455         21,217,7           Staff Expenses         32,417,257         30,689,6           Staff Training         123,278         174,5           Depreciation         1(d) & 5(a)         1,305,343         1,206,80           Administrative Expenses         1         30,253,706         30,952,71           Administrative Expenses         2,200,151         3,027,96           Transport & Travel Costs         2,200,151         3,027,96           Equipment Maintenance         727,151         1,168,47           Repairs & Maintenance         121,126         144,89           Printing & Stationery         621,329         980,37           Professional Fees         17.         277,119         1,576,30           Donations         588,110         1,117,07           Rent         1,906,754         2,037,32           Motor Vehicle Expenses         20.         8,692,409         10,612,814           Board Meetings         63,125         50,000           Advertising         208,800         16,345           Ele	P:		55,014,365	91,501,104
Projects Expense   19.   340,470   2,103,48   4,718,455   21,217,78   340,470   2,103,48   4,718,455   21,217,78   30,689,68   52,417,257   30,689,68   32,417,257   30,689,68   32,417,257   30,689,68   32,417,257   30,689,68   32,278   174,58   123,278   174,58   123,278   174,58   123,278   174,58   123,278   174,58   174,				
Staff Costs				19,114,327
Staff Costs         32,417,257         30,689,6           Staff Expenses         713,171         88,5           Staff Training         123,278         174,5           Depreciation         1(d) & 5(a)         1,305,343         1,206,80           Administrative Expenses         Transport & Travel Costs         2,200,151         3,027,96           Equipment Maintenance         727,151         1,168,47           Repairs & Maintenance         121,126         144,89           Telephone, Fax & Postages         16.         919,653         816,94           Printing & Stationery         621,329         980,37           Professional Fees         17.         277,119         1,575,63           Donations         588,110         1,117,07           Rent         1,906,754         2,037,32           Motor Vehicle Expenses         20.         8,692,409         10,612,810           Board Meetings         63,125         50,000           Advertising         208,800         Electricity & Water         6,545           Finance Costs         16,332,271         21,531,503           Interest Charges         90,792         119,826           Bank Charges         90,792         119,826		19.	340,470	2,103,422
Salaries & Wages       32,417,257       30,689,6         Staff Expenses       713,171       88,5         Staff Training       123,278       174,5         Depreciation       1(d) & 5(a)       1,305,343       1,206,80         Administrative Expenses         Transport & Travel Costs       2,200,151       3,027,96         Equipment Maintenance       727,151       1,168,47         Repairs & Maintenance       121,126       144,89         Telephone, Fax & Postages       16.       919,653       816,94         Printing & Stationery       621,329       980,37         Professional Fees       17.       277,119       1,575,63         Donations       588,110       1,117,07         Rent       1,906,754       2,037,32         Motor Vehicle Expenses       20.       8,692,409       10,612,81         Board Meetings       63,125       50,000         Advertising       208,800       Electricity & Water       6,545         Finance Costs         Interest Charges       90,792       119,826         Bank Charges       90,792       119,826         90,792       357,411          Total Expense	Staff Costs		4,718,455	21,217,749
Staff Expenses         713,171         88,5           Staff Training         33,253,706         30,952,71           Depreciation         1(d) & 5(a)         1,305,343         1,206,80           Administrative Expenses         727,151         3,027,96           Transport & Travel Costs         2,200,151         3,027,96           Equipment Maintenance         727,151         1,168,47           Repairs & Maintenance         121,126         144,89           Telephone, Fax & Postages         16.         919,653         816,94           Printing & Stationery         621,329         980,37           Professional Fees         17.         277,119         1,575,63           Donations         588,110         1,117,07           Rent         1,906,754         2,037,32           Motor Vehicle Expenses         20.         8,692,409         10,612,816           Motor Vehicle Expenses         20.         8,692,409         10,612,816           Board Meetings         63,125         50,000           Advertising         208,800         Electricity & Water         65,545           Finance Costs         116,332,271         21,531,503           Bank Charges         90,792         119,826			20 417 057 9	739
Staff Training				30,689,643
123,278				88,500
Depreciation   1(d) & 5(a)   1,305,343   1,206,80	3		123,278	174,560
Depreciation   1(d) & 5(a)   1,305,343   1,206,80	Depreciation		33,253,706	30,952,703
Administrative Expenses       17 ansport & Travel Costs       2,200,151       3,027,96         Equipment Maintenance       727,151       1,168,47         Repairs & Maintenance       121,126       144,89         Telephone, Fax & Postages       16.       919,653       816,94         Printing & Stationery       621,329       980,37         Professional Fees       17.       277,119       1,575,63         Donations       588,110       1,117,07         Rent       1,906,754       2,037,32         Motor Vehicle Expenses       20.       8,692,409       10,612,816         Board Meetings       63,125       50,000         Advertising       208,800       Electricity & Water       6,545         Finance Costs       16,332,271       21,531,503         Interest Charges       90,792       119,826         Bank Charges       90,792       357,411		1(d) & 5(a)	1,305,343	1.206.809
Transport & Travel Costs       2,200,151       3,027,96         Equipment Maintenance       727,151       1,168,47         Repairs & Maintenance       121,126       144,89         Telephone, Fax & Postages       16.       919,653       816,94         Printing & Stationery       621,329       980,37         Professional Fees       17.       277,119       1,575,63         Donations       588,110       1,117,07         Rent       1,906,754       2,037,32         Motor Vehicle Expenses       20.       8,692,409       10,612,816         Board Meetings       63,125       50,000         Advertising       208,800       Electricity & Water       65,545         Finance Costs       16,332,271       21,531,503         Interest Charges       90,792       119,826         Bank Charges       90,792       357,411	Administrative Expenses			
Equipment Maintenance Repairs & Maintenance Telephone, Fax & Postages Telephone, Fax & Postages Total Expenses  Equipment Maintenance Total Expenses Total Expense T	Transport & Travel Costs		2 200 151	3 027 040
Repairs & Maintenance   121,126   144,89     Telephone, Fax & Postages   16.   919,653   816,94     Printing & Stationery   621,329   980,37     Professional Fees   17.   277,119   1,575,63     Donations   588,110   1,117,07     Rent   1,906,754   2,037,32     Motor Vehicle Expenses   20.   8,692,409   10,612,816     Board Meetings   63,125   50,000     Advertising   208,800     Electricity & Water   6,545     Finance Costs   16,332,271   21,531,503     Bank Charges   90,792   119,826     90,792   357,411     Total Expense	Equipment Maintenance			
Telephone, Fax & Postages       16.       919,653       816,94         Printing & Stationery       621,329       980,37         Professional Fees       17.       277,119       1,575,63         Donations       588,110       1,117,07         Rent       1,906,754       2,037,32         Motor Vehicle Expenses       20.       8,692,409       10,612,810         Board Meetings       63,125       50,000         Advertising       208,800       Electricity & Water       6,545         Finance Costs       16,332,271       21,531,503         Interest Charges       90,792       119,826         Bank Charges       90,792       357,411         Total Expense       207,792       357,411	Repairs & Maintenance			0.00
Printing & Stationery         621,329         980,37           Professional Fees         17.         277,119         1,575,63           Donations         588,110         1,117,07           Rent         1,906,754         2,037,32           Motor Vehicle Expenses         20.         8,692,409         10,612,816           Board Meetings         63,125         50,000           Advertising         208,800         Electricity & Water         6,545           Finance Costs         16,332,271         21,531,503           Interest Charges         90,792         119,826           Bank Charges         90,792         357,411           Total Expense         10,792         357,411	Telephone, Fax & Postages	16.		
Professional Fees         17.         277,119         1,575,63           Donations         588,110         1,117,07           Rent         1,906,754         2,037,32           Motor Vehicle Expenses         20.         8,692,409         10,612,816           Board Meetings         63,125         50,000           Advertising         208,800         Electricity & Water         6,545           Finance Costs         16,332,271         21,531,503           Interest Charges         90,792         119,826           Bank Charges         90,792         357,411           Total Expense         10,575,63         10,502,702           Total Expense         20,792         357,411	Printing & Stationery		, ,	
Donations         588,110         1,117,07           Rent         1,906,754         2,037,32           Motor Vehicle Expenses         20.         8,692,409         10,612,816           Board Meetings         63,125         50,000           Advertising         208,800         Electricity & Water         6,545           Finance Costs         16,332,271         21,531,503           Interest Charges         90,792         119,826           Bank Charges         90,792         357,411           Total Expense         70,792         357,411	Professional Fees	17.		100 No. 10 M. 100 Oct.
Rent       1,906,754       2,037,32         Motor Vehicle Expenses       20.       8,692,409       10,612,816         Board Meetings       63,125       50,000         Advertising       208,800       Electricity & Water       6,545         Finance Costs         Interest Charges       -       237,585         Bank Charges       90,792       119,826         90,792       357,411	Donations			
Motor Vehicle Expenses         20.         8,692,409         10,612,816           Board Meetings         63,125         50,000           Advertising         208,800         208,800           Electricity & Water         6,545         21,531,503           Finance Costs           Interest Charges         237,585           Bank Charges         90,792         119,826           90,792         357,411           Total Expense	Rent			
Board Meetings	Motor Vehicle Expenses	20.		51 (55)
Advertising Electricity & Water    16,332,271   21,531,503     16,332,271   21,531,503     16,332,271   21,531,503     16,332,271   21,531,503     16,332,271   21,531,503     16,332,271   21,531,503     16,332,271   21,531,503     17,531,503     18,322,271   21,531,503     18,322,271   21,531,503     19,322,2	Board Meetings			
Total Expense   Section   Finance Costs   16,332,271   21,531,503   21,531,503   237,585   237				-
Interest Charges - 237,585 Bank Charges 90,792 119,826 90,792 357,411 Total Expense	Electricity & Water			
Interest Charges - 237,585 Bank Charges 90,792 119,826 90,792 357,411 Total Expense	Finance		16,332,271	21,531,503
Bank Charges 90,792 119,826 90,792 357,411 Total Expense	Processor and Control of the Control			2.700000000
70,792 119,826 90,792 357,411	· ·			237,585
Total Expense	bunk churyes		90,792	119,826
Total Expense 55,700 544 75,004,175			90,792	357,411
	Total Expense		55,700,566	75,266,175
Surplus funds for the year (686,201) 16,234,929	Surplus funds for the year	=	(686,201)	16,234,929

### 22. FOOD & AGRICULTURE ORGANISATION PROJECT

Revenue Surplus Balance Brought Forward FAO Project	<b>2013</b> <b>Kshs</b> (65,999)	2012 Kshs
		5,659,800
	(65,999)	5,659,800
Expenditure		
Training & Meetings		
Fuel		324,250
Voucher Receipts	· - 60	30,220
Staff Costs	-	2,768,500
General Costs	-	390,000
Transport costs	*	304,585
Soil & Water conservation	*	530,214
Water Harvesting		670,740
		687,290
	-	5,725,799
(Deficit)/Surplus Carried Forward		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(65,999)	(65,999)
23. WATER DEVELOPMENT PROJECT	-	
Revenue		
Surplus Balance Brought Forward		
Water Development	1,261,272	-
Water Bowzer	1,285,921	15,347,647
Honey & Bee Keeping	1,536,886	831,176
		68,804
Expenditure	4,084,080	16,247,627
Development Planning		10,217,027
Makayauni Building	344,951	
Project Expenses	=	4,714,475
Management cost	=	1,147,976
Water Projects-FOK	Œ	609,910
Training	Θ.	5,278,909
Bowzer - Motor Vehicle Expenses	÷	403,512
Water Admin	-	397,128
Match Fund	16,961	701,821
ARP(DRER)	100,440	*
School fees	63,250	-
Monitoring Phase 2		86,732
	802,960	1,645,893
	1,328,562	4,986,355
Surplus Carried Forward	2,755,518	1 0/1 070
	=======================================	1,261,272

#### 24. CARITAS GERMANY EMERGENCY PROJECT

	Revenue Surplus Balance Brought Forward Caritas Germany Emergency Project	<b>2013 Kshs</b> 268,225 12,411,750	2012 Kshs - 4,040,000
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	Expenditure	12,679,975	4,040,000
	Staff costs	010.100	272 522
	Voucher Printing	218,100	370,500
	Administration Costs	58,000	122,500
	Transport	249,010	18,000
	Earthdams (Voucher for work)	1,391,840	236,040
	Training	1,370,780	2,484,155
	Procurement of Seeds	263,637	48,900
	Mobilization of Community	3,800	337,800
	Terraces	49,050	000
	Tellaces	1,786,450	153,880
		5,390,667	3,771,775
	Surplus Carried Forward	7,289,308	268,225
25.	LIVELIHOOD PROGRAMME		
	Revenue		
	Surplus Balance Brought Forward	242,093	
	Livelihood Programme	1,191,861	12,627,631
	Baraka	-,,	24,700
		1 422 055	
	Expenditure	1,433,955	12,652,331
	Salaries		1,650,000
	Sand dams		725,470
	Earth dams	59,392	2,321,014
	Mid term evaluation	37,372	378,600
	Monitoring		24,193
	Bank Charges	6,996	14,076
	Goat Restocking	0,770	933,350
	Crop Production	-	349,800
	Dip		369,770
	PRA Training	2	25,806
	Procurement of Chicken		265,750
	Other Expenses		921,805
	Transport	983,902	3,683,915
	Exchange visits	700,702	129,535
	Telephone, Email, Stationery & Postage	-	138,409
	Documentary	1. The state of th	10,400
	Training	-	398,985
	District Business Solution Center	52,700	
	20.1101		69,359
	S	1,102,989	12,410,238
	Surplus Carried Forward	330,965	242,093

#### 26. TROCAIRE - JUSTICE & PEACE

Revenue Surplus Balance Brought Forward Trocaire - Justice & Peace Lenten Campaign KEC - Training  Expenditure Staff Salaries Erection of Notice Board Follow-ups/monitoring Selection & Training Public F. Community social audit Training of Social Auditors Sensitization on Devolved Funds Radio Programme on public funds Production Social Audit Reports Training New Social Auditors Travel	2013 Kshs 1,880,744 2,184,707 176,577	2012 Kshs  9,968,858 215,493 1,900  10,186,251  3,270,121 60,400 98,900 66,400 125,650 60,588 65,650 48,000 98,600 98,600 96,800 2,643,939
Facilitation for Social Auditor	1,217,037	135,900
Production of S.A. Report Community sensitization	-	348,420 99,100
Strategic Planing	*	4,900
Staff Training Office Rent	30,000	62,260 108,000
National & Other Strategic	-	65,850
Annual Internal Proj. Review		41,500
Administration costs	152,856	411,312
Office supplies	28,335	136,900
Community awareness forum	~	91,250
Newspapers	10.510	46,895
Telephone, Electricity, Bank charge	10,569	36,173
Planning Sessions - GOK Programme Public Accountability	-	3,150
Print T-Shirts	288,737	42,850
111111 1-3111113		36,000
	2,918,213	8,305,506
Surplus Carried Forward	1,323,815	1,880,744